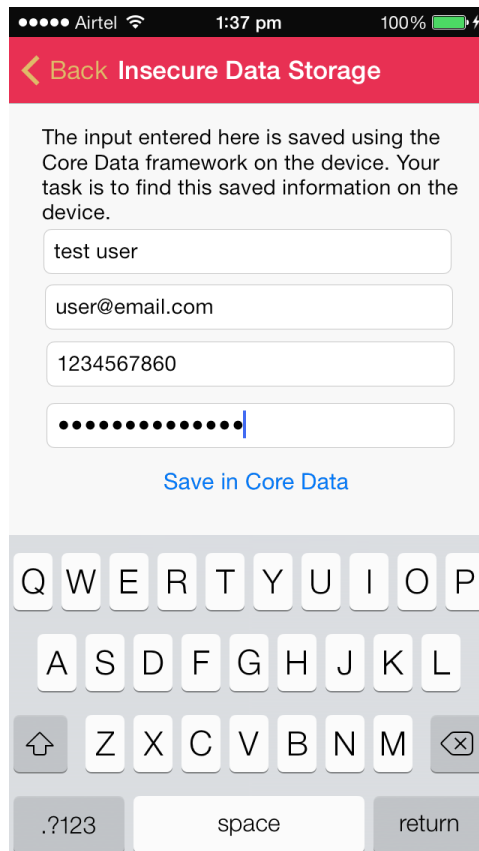


## Damn Vulnerable IOS Application Solutions

<http://damnvulnerableiosapp.com/>

### Insecure Data Storage – Core Data

Let's enter some dummy information and tap on *Save in Core Data*



Now let's ssh into our device and go to the directory */var/mobile/Applications*

```
Prateeks-MacBook-Pro-2:DVIA Prateek$ ssh root@192.168.0.104
The authenticity of host '192.168.0.104 (192.168.0.104)' can't be established.
RSA key fingerprint is 34:29:9b:88:53:4c:fe:11:03:62:4e:0b:41:8f:32:97.
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes
Warning: Permanently added '192.168.0.104' (RSA) to the list of known hosts.
root@192.168.0.104's password:
Prateeks-iPhone:~ root# cd /var/mobile/Applications/
Prateeks-iPhone:/var/mobile/Applications root#
```

Now use the command **ls \*** to look for the directory of our application.

```

Prateeks-iPhone:/var/mobile/Applications root# ls *
06137015-17CD-4DEE-95C1-A773438399EB:
Documents/ Library/ Shazam.app/ StoreKit/ iTunesArtwork iTunesMetadata.plist tmp/

075B35FA-A928-4F20-A98C-41F4778AB542:
Documents/ Library/ StoreKit/ Zomato.app/ iTunesArtwork iTunesMetadata.plist tmp/

0789CB70-EDC6-4C2D-B986-9A2D49E8CABC:
Calculator.app@ Documents/ Library/ tmp/

```

After scrolling down, we find the application directory for *Damn Vulnerable IOS Application*. Let's look inside this directory.

```

A86BD515-3D23-4430-B304-E0DFABDF0EAD:
DamnVulnerableIOSApp.app/ Documents/ Library/ tmp/

```

```

Prateeks-iPhone:/var/mobile/Applications root# cd A86BD515-3D23-4430-B304-E0DFABDF0EAD
Prateeks-iPhone:/var/mobile/Applications/A86BD515-3D23-4430-B304-E0DFABDF0EAD root# ls
DamnVulnerableIOSApp.app/ Documents/ Library/ tmp/
Prateeks-iPhone:/var/mobile/Applications/A86BD515-3D23-4430-B304-E0DFABDF0EAD root# █

```

On going inside the directory *Documents*, we see a sqlite file with the name *CoreData.sqlite*. Let's use the *sqlite3* client to look into it. Use the command *sqlite3 CoreData.sqlite* to enter the *sqlite3* interpreter with this database and then *.tables* to see all the tables for this database.

```

Prateeks-iPhone:/var/mobile/Applications/A86BD515-3D23-4430-B304-E0DFABDF0EAD root#
Prateeks-iPhone:/var/mobile/Applications/A86BD515-3D23-4430-B304-E0DFABDF0EAD root# cd Documents/
Prateeks-iPhone:/var/mobile/Applications/A86BD515-3D23-4430-B304-E0DFABDF0EAD/Documents root# ls
CoreData.sqlite CoreData.sqlite-shm CoreData.sqlite-wal
Prateeks-iPhone:/var/mobile/Applications/A86BD515-3D23-4430-B304-E0DFABDF0EAD/Documents root# sqlite3 CoreData.sqlite
SQLite version 3.7.13
Enter ".help" for instructions
sqlite> .tables
ZUSER          Z_METADATA    Z_PRIMARYKEY
sqlite> █

```

Let's just dump out all the data from the table *ZUSER*. The other two tables are created by default in Core Data to serve a different purpose. Please note that the default tables start with *Z\_* whereas custom made tables will start with just a *Z*

Make sure to turn on headers by using the command *.headers on*. Then, to dump all the information from the table *ZUSER*, use the command *Select \* from ZUSER;*

```

sqlite> .headers on
sqlite> select * from ZUSER;
Z_PK|Z_ENT|Z_OPT|ZEMAIL|ZNAME|ZPASSWORD|ZPHONE
1|1|1|user@email.com|test user|sosecretpassword|1234567860
sqlite> █

```

As we can see, the whole data stored using the *CoreData* framework was dumped out. It is important for developers to note that the data stored via *CoreData* is saved unencrypted in the application sandbox. It is therefore their responsibility to make sure they do not store confidential data using the *CoreData* framework locally on the device.

